Bold N Bright

Revision Date: 2/18/16

Poorboy's World' UNISHING A SOCIALITY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Bold N Bright

Recommended Use)s: Rubber and vinyl dressing

None-Recommended /
Restricted Use(s):

None

Distributor Poorboy's World UK

Bretfield Court

Dewsbury, WF12 9BG

United Kingdom

Emergency Contact: General: 01924 469920 UK Sales

General: +44 (0) 1924 469920 Overseas

Emergency: 1-352-323-3500 International Emergency Hotline

Section 2. Hazard Identification

GHS Classification for mixture:

Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 1 Acute Toxicity Oral - Category 4

Pictograms:



Signal Word:

WARNING

Hazard Statements:

H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary Statements:

Prevention

P264: Wash skin thouroughly after handling.

P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

P301+P312: IF SWALLOWED: call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician IF you feel unwell.

P330: Rinse mouth.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313P: IF eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

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P501: Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

	Section 3.	Composition A	/ Information (on Ingredients
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Ingredients	Percentage	Classification
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),Alpha- (propylheptyl)	10% to 20%	
Glycerine	10% to 20%	
polyethylene glycol nonylphenol	1% to 5%	
ethylene glycol	1% to 5%	
	Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),Alpha- (propylheptyl) Glycerine polyethylene glycol nonylphenol	Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),Alpha- (propylheptyl) Glycerine polyethylene glycol nonylphenol 10% to 20% 10% to 20% 10% to 5%

Section 4. First-Aid Measures

First-Aid: Eyes

Immediately flush with clean, low-pressure water for several minutes. Hold eyelids open to ensure adequate flushing. Remove the contact lenses if worn and easy to do that. Continue rinsing. Seek medical advice / attention.

First-Aid: Skin

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated areas thoroughly with water. If redness or other symptoms persist, seek medical advice / attention.

First-Aid: Ingestion

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. In case of ingestion of large quantities immediately take the exposed person to hospital. Rinse the mouth with water. Small amounts of material which enter the mouth should be rinsed out until the taste is dissipated. Onset of symptoms may be delayed for 18 to 24 hours after ingestion. If after ingestion you feel unwell, seek medical advice.

First-Aid: Inhalation

If after inhalation you feel unwell, seek medical advice. Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

First-Aid: Other

General advice: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of a physician.

Section 5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide. Powder BC. Water spray.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Straight streams of water.

Protective Measures for Fire-Fighting

Wear protective gloves, clothing, and protective goggles to prevent contact with skin and eyes. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Special Protective Actions for Fire-Fighters

Dike area to prevent runoff and contamination of water sources.

Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Oxides of nitrogen (NO_x).

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Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Ventilate area of leak or spill.

Environmental Precautions

Dike area to prevent runoff and contamination of water sources.

Clean-up Procedures

Absorbe with cloth, fleece, sawdust, kieselgur, sand or other universal binder. Ventilate affected area. If possible, the spilled liquid should be transferred to a waste container.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke during handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. The product is stable and under normal conditions and can be easily handled. Wash any exposed area of body thoroughly after handling.

Section 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Control Parameters / Limits for Component

Glycerine

DNEL/DMEL General 229 mg/kg, Systemic effects.

Population Oral Chronic

DNEL/DMEL General 33 mg/m³, Local effects. Population Inhalation

Chronic

PNEC Seawater 0.0885 mg/l, Continuous.

PNEC Freshwater 0.885 mg/l, Single exposure.

PNEC Soil 0.141 mg/kg, Single exposure.

ACGIH TWA 10 mg/m³.

OSHA PEL TWA 15 mg/m³ (Total dust). TWA 5 mg/m³ (Respirable).

ethylene glycol

IOELV TWA 52 mg/m³.

TWA 20 ppm. STEL 104 mg/m³. STEL 40 ppm.

PNEC Freshwater

Sediment

20.9 mg/kg.

PNEC Seawater 1 mg/l.

PNEC Freshwater 10 mg/l.

PNEC Soil 1.53 mg/kg.

NIOSH 50 ppm, Ceiling.

ACGIH 100 mg/m³ (aerosol).

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),Alpha-(propylheptyl)

DNEL/DMEL Worker 56 mg/m³, Local effects.

Inhalation Chronic

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Engineering Measures

No special engineering measure specified for the product.

Respiratory Protection

No special respiratory protection specified for the product.

Eye/Face Protection

Wear safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection

Not obliged.

Hand Protection

Not obliged.

Hygiene Measures

Keep away from food or drink. Use in accordance with good hygiene and safety practice. Wash Hands thoroughly after handling.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Basic physical and chemical properties Information

Physical State liquid
Appearance White

Odor Coconut Fragrance

Odor threshold Not available

pH 4.5 to 5.5 at 25°C

Melting pointNot availableBoiling point100°C / 212°FFlash PointNot availableEvaporation rate w/r/t etherNot available

Evaporation rate w/r/t butyl acetate

Flammability

Flammability limit

Not available

Not available

Vapor pressure 3169 Pa

Vapor density

Relative density w/r/t water

Relative density w/r/t air

Relative density w/r/t other

Not available

Not available

substance
Solubility
Solubility in other solvents
Partition coefficient
Auto-ignition temperature

Not available
Not available
383°C / 721.4°F

Decomposition temperature

Viscosity

Not available

Not available

Freezing point Not available

Density 8.27 lb/gal 0.99 g/cm³

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Section 10. Chemical Stability & Reactivity Information

Stability/Reactivity

The product is known to be non-reactive in ambient conditions. This product is stable under ambient condition.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Dangerous reactions are not expected if the technical instructions in storage of chemicals are met.

Conditions to Avoid

Strong shocks.

Materials to Avoid

No incompatibilities declared.

Hazardous Products of Decomposition

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Toxicological Information for Product

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9) is classified as Carcinogen 1B and Mutagen 1B in European Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on the classification, labeling and packaging of substances and mixtures (CLP).

Toxicological Information for Component

polyethylene glycol nonylphenol

LD 50 Oral 50 g/kg, Mouse.

4 g/kg, Rat.

LD 50 Dermal 2 ml/kg, Rabbit.

ethylene glycol

LD 50 Oral 5500 mg/kg, Mouse.

4700 mg/kg.

LD 50 Dermal 9530 μl/kg, Rabbit.

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),Alpha-(propylheptyl)

LD 50 Oral 500 mg/kg.

LD 50 Dermal >2000 mg/kg.

Glycerine

LD 50 Oral 12600 mg/kg, Rat.

4090 mg/kg, Mouse.

LC 50 Inhalation 570 mg/m³(1h).

Irritation/Corrosion Information for Component

polyethylene glycol nonylphenol

Eye: 5 mg, severe, Rabbit.

ethylene glycol

Eye: 500 mg/24h, mild, Draize test, Rabbit. 1440 mg(6h), moderate.

Glycerine

Skin: 500 mg/24h, mild, Draize test, Rabbit.

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Section 12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity Values for Component

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),Alpha-(propylheptyl)

EC 50 Crustacean: 10-100 mg/l(48h), Daphnia magna.

LC 50 Fish: 10-100 mg/l(96h). EC 50 Algae: 10-100 mg/l (72h).

Glycerine

LC 50 Fish: 50-67 mg/l LC50 (96 h), Rainbow trout. >5000 mg/l, goldfish.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal Regulation(s) / Operation

Disposal, treatment, or recycling of industrial waste must comply with applicable regulations to preserve the environment. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of national pollutant discharge elimination systems.

Section 14. Transportation Information

Other This product is not regulated for transport.

Section 15. Regulatory Information

Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations for Component

polyethylene glycol nonylphenol

EUROPE: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

(EINECS): listed.

CANADA:

Domestic Substances List (DSL): listed.

US:

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act): listed.

ethylene glycol

EUROPE: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

(EINECS): listed.

CANADA: Domestic Substances List (DSL): listed.

US: TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act): listed.

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),Alpha-(propylheptyl)

EUROPE: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

(EINECS): listed.

CANADA: Domestic Substances List (DSL): listed.

US: TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act): listed.

Glycerine

EUROPE: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

(EINECS): listed.

CANADA: Domestic Substances List (DSL): listed.

US: TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act): listed.

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Section 16. Other Information

Glossary

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

Acute tox: Acute toxicity.

ADR: Accord europeen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses

par route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous

ATE: Goods by Road).

BCF: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

CAS: BioConcentration Factor.

Chemical Abstracts Service (Service that maintains the most comprehensive list of

chemical substances).

CEPA: Canadian Environmental Protection Act.

CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act.

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labeling and packaging of

substances and mixtures.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic or toxic for Reproduction.

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level.

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level.

DOT:

Department of Transportation USA.

Canadian Domestic Substances List.

EC50: Effective concentration of a substance that causes 50% of the maximum response

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances.

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances.

EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency.

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ErC50: ErC50 means EC50 in terms of reduction of growth rate after exposure. Damaging

Eye dam: to eyes.

Eye irrit: Irritant to the eye. Flam lig: Flammable liquid.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals"

developed by the United Nations.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans.

monographs:

IATA/DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

LD50: The dose required to produce the death in 50 percent of the exposed species within

a specified time.

LOAEC: Lowest adverse effects concentrations.

Log KOW: n-octanol/water.

MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of Marine

Pollutant).

Met corr: Corrosive to metals.

N/A: Not available.
N/D: Not determined.

NDSL: Canadian Non-Domestic Substances List.

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health.

NOAEL: No-observed-adverse-effect-level.

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States).

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic.

PEL: Permissible exposure limit. An exposure limit that is published and enforced by

OSHA as a legal standard.

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration.

ppm: Parts per million.

REL: Recommended exposure limit.

RTECS: Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances.

SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.

Skin . corr: Corrosive to Skin.
Skin irrit: Irritant to Skin.

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act.
TWA: Time-weighted average.

UN: United Nations.

vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

WHIMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

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